

Indications for SMA analysis (carrier testing)

- Individuals with increased risk compared to the population risk
- Individuals with increased risk for their offspring because of consanguinity
- Individuals whose partner is either carrier or affected by SMA
- Couples entering an IVF program (testing of one partner is sufficient)
- Male or female gamete donor

The abovementioned guidelines were approved on 04/03/2022 at the Meeting of the Belgian College of Genetics & Rare Diseases.